

The Biometric Passport

The Swiss Case

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<http://lasecwww.epfl.ch/>

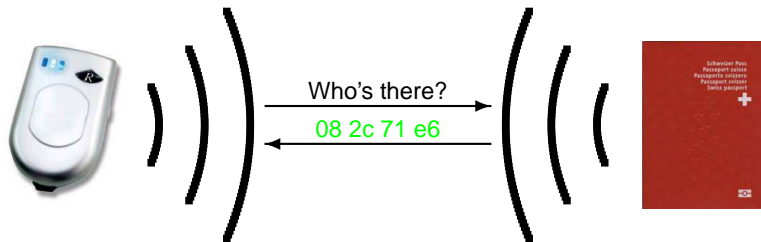
History & Political Background

- 1997 UN/ICAO (**International Civil Aviation Organization**) started to work on **machine-readable travel documents** (MRTD) based on **biometrics**
- 2004: ICAO MRTD standard release (now adopted by over 50 countries)
- 2006: EU extension (EAC)

- visa waiver for USA requires ICAO compliant passport
- Schengen agreement requires all passports to be biometric

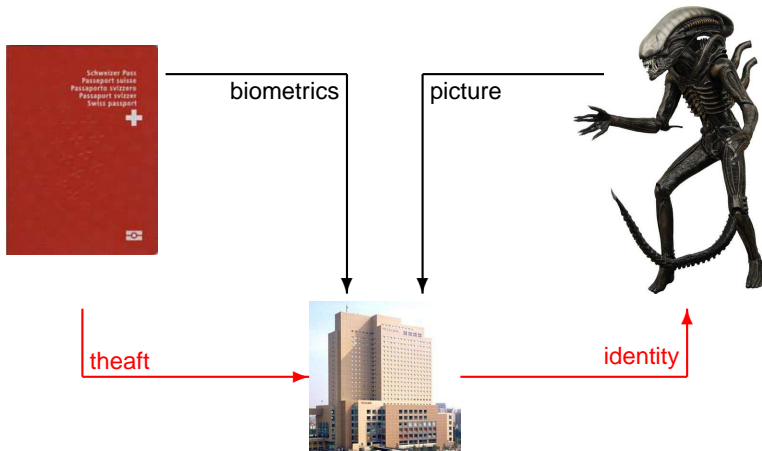
▶ skip crypto

ISO 14443 (RFID)



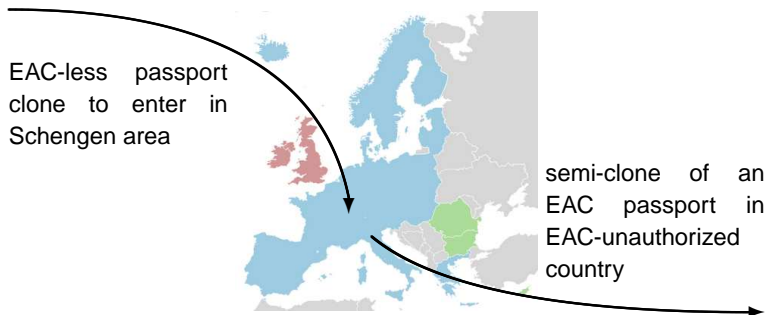
- unauthorized radio access
- leaks ICAO implementation (passport presence)
- leaks chip's model version (nationality)

Identity Theft



a few hundreds of customers suffice

Limited Anti-Cloning Protection



The Swiss Case

Swiss Government, 2008 June 13

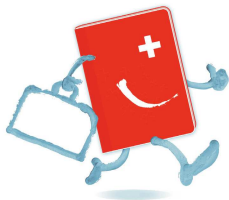
- all identity documents may have a chip with e-identity
- may be used for authentication, signature, and encryption
- government specifies the required security level
- government can authorize access by other countries
- government may authorize access by transport companies
- central database with all data from the chip
- available to the police, border control, government authorities

The Swiss Bug

- if we can find 50 000 people upset about a new law within a given delay, the law goes to popular referendum
- referendum schedules on 2009 May 17
- first time people will have to vote on this issue!

Political Campaign

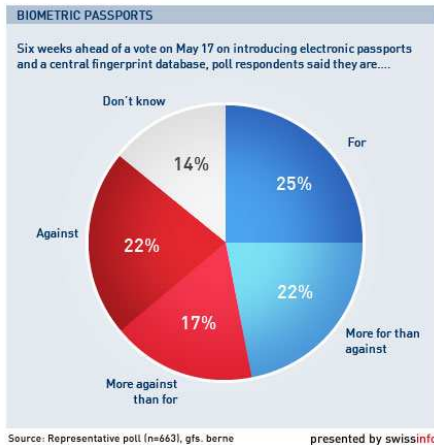
Yes to Traveling Freedom



No to Mandatory Biometrics
No to Citizen Filings
Yes to Individual Freedom



Poll (Early April 2009)



Conclusion

- watch on Swiss news on May 17