

# More Differential Paths for TIB3

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# Motivation and achievements

- TIB3 closely resembled CHI (our SHA-3 submission)
- Mendel et al published a pseudo-collision differential path
  - No differences in messages.
- We discovered new properties in the key schedule and PHTX function
- This led to finding new differential paths with differences in messages
- We provide example message pairs

# Message Expansion Differentials

- Key expansion uses  $V = \psi(W, X, Y, Z)$  as defined below

$$V := (Y + (Z \ll 32)) \oplus W \oplus X \oplus (Z \gg 32)$$

$$V := V + (V \ll 32) + (V \ll 43)$$

$$V := V \oplus (V \gg 39).$$

- If you modify  $W$  and  $X$  at bit  $i$  the effect can cancel out (same for pairs  $W, Y$  or  $X, Y$ )
  - Provides 16 possible message differentials
- If  $W, X, Y, Z$  has a difference in bit 31 so does  $V$ 
  - Provides 16 more message differentials
  - Ex: 10, 15, 10, 15, 10, 15, 15, 10, 13, 13, 13, 7, 15, 15, 15, 15
  - Note a "10" indicates a difference in 1st and 3rd word, no difference in 2nd and 4th word

# 1-Round Differential Paths

Round key differences allowing "Chain-able" 1-round differentials avoiding the PHTX

Input Difference	Output Difference			
	0	1	6	7
0	0	8,10		8,10
1		13,15	5,7,13,15	5,7
7		8,10	0,2,8,10	0,2
6	7	13,15		13,15

This produces three 16-round differentials for bit 31 with  $2^{-32}$  probability. An example:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &7 \xrightarrow{10} 6 \xrightarrow{15} 7 \xrightarrow{10} 6 \xrightarrow{15} 7 \xrightarrow{10} 1 \xrightarrow{15} 6 \xrightarrow{15} 7 \xrightarrow{10} 1, \\
 &1 \xrightarrow{13} 1 \xrightarrow{13} 6 \xrightarrow{13} 1 \xrightarrow{7} 6 \xrightarrow{15} 1 \xrightarrow{15} 1 \xrightarrow{15} 6 \xrightarrow{15} 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

# Example found by message modification

$H_0$		$\Delta H_0$	
6a09e667f3bcc908	bb67ae8584caa73b	.....	.....8.....
3c6ef372fe94f82b	a54ff53a5f1d36f1	.....8.....	.....
$M_1$		$\Delta M_1$	
f56ad25f5a340dc4	e312e89133026ab1	.....8.....	.....8.....
9be385032ee31661	f6ccfa026ff77ce2	.....	.....8.....
1211843cad836f81	aedde3d1398738bd	.....	.....8.....
fc9c7f1d4060f02a	c9ed13688251157c	.....8.....	.....
$M_2$		$\Delta M_2$	
1bcf18aae23a931c	fa4a87b5d79ee354	.....8.....	.....
d4d1f1bd3115b211	2efffaa024671b11	.....8.....	.....
c99f87f3e75cbbbd	a6e8b08cb934285a	.....8.....	.....8.....
f4d27375524bacb3	c5bdd133f185bbe6	.....8.....	.....8.....
$H_{16}$		$\Delta H_{16}$	
b79720b5985fc79c	f6189483b490e7e8	.....	.....
69bae9c1b45027bd	9eee2b2a1f459deb	.....	.....8.....

# Differential Properties of the PHTX

- A short description of the PHTX function on 64-bit words:

$$D^* = PHTX(D),$$

$$\tilde{D} = D + (D \ll 32) + (D \ll 47),$$

$$D^* = \tilde{D} \oplus (\tilde{D} \gg 32) \oplus (\tilde{D} \gg 43).$$

The following table was observed:

$\Delta$	$\Delta PHTX$
31	63,20
63	63,31,20
31,63	31

- This allows more 1-round paths to be considered
- Paper will be available on eprint soon